

Title 23. Public Utilities and Regulated Industries
Chapter I. State Insurance Department, Department of Commerce
Subchapter B. Life, Health, and Accident
Part 130. Advertisements of Life Insurance and Annuities

Codification Notes. This part as promulgated prior to codification into the Code of Arkansas Rules provided as follows:

"Section 2. Authority

This Rule is issued under the authority of Ark. Code Ann. §§ 23-61-108, 23-66-207, 23-66-307, 25-15- 210 et seq. and other applicable laws."

"Section 13. Severability

If any section, term or provision of this rule shall be judged invalid for any reason, that judgment shall not affect, impair or invalidate any other section, term or provision of this rule, and the remaining sections, terms and provisions shall be and remain in full force and effect.

Section 14. Effective Date

This Rule will become effective January 1, 2011."

Subpart 1. Generally

23 CAR § 130-101. Purpose.

The purpose of this part is to set forth minimum standards and guidelines to ensure a full and truthful disclosure to the public of all material and relevant information in the advertising of life insurance policies and annuity contracts.

Authority. Arkansas Code §§ 23-61-108, 23-66-207, 23-66-307.

23 CAR § 130-102. Definitions.

For the purpose of this part:

(1)(A) "Advertisement" means material designed to create public interest in life insurance or annuities, in an insurer, or in an insurance producer, or to induce the public to purchase, increase, modify, reinstate, borrow on, surrender, replace, or retain a policy, including:

(i) Printed and published material, audiovisual material, and descriptive literature of an insurer or insurance producer used in direct mail, newspapers, magazines, radio and television scripts, telemarketing scripts, billboards and similar displays, and the internet or any other mass communication media;

(ii) Descriptive literature and sales aids of all kinds, authored by the insurer, its insurance producers, or third parties, issued, distributed, or used by the insurer or insurance producer, including but not limited to:

(a) Circulars;

(b) Leaflets;

(c) Booklets;

(d) Web pages;

(e) Depictions;

(f) Illustrations; and

(g) Form letters;

(iii) Material used for the recruitment, training, and education of an insurer's insurance producers which is designed to be used or is used to induce the public to purchase, increase, modify, reinstate, borrow on, surrender, replace, or retain a policy; and

(iv) Prepared sales talks, presentations, and materials for use by insurance producers.

(B) "Advertisement" for the purpose of this part shall not include:

(i) Communications or materials used within an insurer's own organization and not intended for dissemination to the public;

(ii) Communications with policyholders other than material urging policyholders to purchase, increase, modify, reinstate, or retain a policy; and

(iii) A general announcement from a group or blanket policyholder to eligible individuals on an employment or membership list that a policy or program has been written or arranged, provided the announcement clearly indicates that it is preliminary to the issuance of a booklet explaining the proposed coverage;

(2)(A) "Determinable policy elements" means elements that are derived from processes or methods that are guaranteed at issue and not subject to company discretion, but where the values or amounts cannot be determined until some point after issue.

(B) These elements include the premiums, credited interest rates (including any bonus), benefits, values, non-interest-based credits, charges, or elements of formulas used to determine any of these.

(C) These elements may be described as guaranteed but not determined at issue.

(D) An element is considered determinable if it was calculated from underlying determinable policy elements only or from both determinable and guaranteed policy elements;

(3) "Guaranteed policy elements" means the premiums, benefits, values, credits, or charges under a policy, or elements of formulas used to determine any of these that are guaranteed and determined at issue;

(4) "Insurance producer" means a person required to be licensed under the laws of this state to sell, solicit, or negotiate insurance;

(5) "Insurer" means any individual, corporation, association, partnership, reciprocal exchange, inter-insurer, Lloyd's, fraternal benefit society, and any other legal entity that is defined as an "insurer" in the insurance code of this state or issues life insurance or annuities in this state and is engaged in the advertisement of a policy;

(6)(A) "Nonguaranteed elements" means the premiums, credited interest rates (including any bonus), benefits, values, non-interest-based credits, charges, or

elements of formulas used to determine any of these, that are subject to company discretion and are not guaranteed at issue.

(B) An element is considered nonguaranteed if any of the underlying nonguaranteed elements are used in its calculation;

(7) "Policy" means any policy, plan, certificate, including a fraternal benefit certificate, contract, agreement, statement of coverage, rider, or endorsement which provides for life insurance or annuity benefits; and

(8) "Prepaid funeral contract or prearrangement" means an arrangement by or for an individual before the individual's death relating to the purchase or provision of specific funeral or cemetery merchandise or services.

Authority. Arkansas Code §§ 23-61-108, 23-66-207, 23-66-307.

23 CAR § 130-103. Applicability.

(a)(1) This part shall not apply to preneed insurance contracts as defined in Preneed Insurance Replacement and Prepaid Funeral Benefits Contract Cancellation Requirements, 23 CAR pt. 111.

(2) This part shall apply to all other life insurance or annuity advertisement intended for dissemination in this state.

(3) In variable contracts where disclosure requirements are established pursuant to federal regulation, this part shall be interpreted so as to eliminate conflict with federal regulation.

(b)(1) All advertisements, regardless of by whom written, created, designed, or presented, shall be the responsibility of the insurer, as well as the producer who created or presented the advertisement.

(2) Insurers shall establish and at all times maintain a system of control over the content, form, and method of dissemination of all advertisements of its policies.

(3) A system of control shall include regular and routine notification, at least once a year, to agents, brokers, and others authorized by the insurer to disseminate advertisements of the requirement and procedures for company approval prior to the

use of any advertisements that are not furnished by the insurer and that clearly sets forth within the notice the most serious consequence of not obtaining the required prior approval.

Authority. Arkansas Code §§ 23-61-108, 23-66-207, 23-66-307.

23 CAR § 130-104. Form and content of advertisements.

(a)(1) Advertisements shall be truthful and not misleading in fact or by implication.

(2) The form and content of an advertisement of a policy shall be sufficiently complete and clear so as to avoid deception.

(3)(A) It shall not have the capacity or tendency to mislead or deceive.

(B) Whether an advertisement has the capacity or tendency to mislead or deceive shall be determined by the Insurance Commissioner from the overall impression that the advertisement may be reasonably expected to create upon a person of average education or intelligence within the segment of the public to which it is directed.

(b) No advertisement shall use the terms "investment", "investment plan", "founder's plan", "charter plan", "deposit", "expansion plan", "profit", "profits", "profit sharing", "interest plan", "savings", "savings plan", "private pension plan", "retirement plan", or other similar terms in connection with a policy in a context or under such circumstances or conditions as to have the capacity or tendency to mislead a purchaser or prospective purchaser of such policy to believe that he or she will receive, or that it is possible that he or she will receive, something other than a policy or some benefit not available to other persons of the same class and equal expectation of life.

Authority. Arkansas Code §§ 23-61-108, 23-66-207, 23-66-307.

23 CAR § 130-105. Disclosure requirements.

(a) The information required to be disclosed by this part shall not be minimized, rendered obscure, presented in an ambiguous fashion, or intermingled with the text of the advertisement so as to be confusing or misleading.

(b)(1) An advertisement shall not omit material information or use words, phrases, statements, references, or illustrations if the omission or use has the capacity, tendency, or effect of misleading or deceiving purchasers or prospective purchasers as to the nature or extent of any:

- (A) Policy benefit payable;
- (B) Loss covered;
- (C) Premium payable; or
- (D) State or federal tax consequences.

(2) The fact that the policy offered is made available to a prospective insured for inspection prior to consummation of the sale, an offer is made to refund the premium if the purchaser is not satisfied, or that the policy or contract includes a "free look" period that satisfies or exceeds regulatory requirements, does not remedy misleading statements.

(c) In the event an advertisement uses "nonmedical", "no medical examination required", or similar terms where issue is not guaranteed, terms shall be accompanied by a further disclosure of equal prominence and in juxtaposition thereto to the effect that issuance of the policy may depend upon the answers to the health questions set forth in the application.

(d)(1) An advertisement shall not use as the name or title of a life insurance policy any phrase that does not include the words "life insurance" unless accompanied by other language clearly indicating it is life insurance.

(2)(A) An advertisement shall not use as the name or title of an annuity contract any phrase that does not include the word "annuity" unless accompanied by other language clearly indicating it is an annuity.

(B) An annuity advertisement shall not refer to an annuity as a CD annuity or deceptively compare an annuity to a certificate of deposit.

(e) An advertisement shall prominently describe the type of policy advertised.

(f)(1) An advertisement of an insurance policy marketed by direct response techniques shall not state or imply that because there is no insurance producer or

commission involved there will be a cost saving to prospective purchasers unless that is the fact.

(2) No cost savings may be stated or implied without justification satisfactory to the Insurance Commissioner prior to use.

(g)(1) An advertisement for a life insurance policy containing graded or modified benefits shall prominently display any limitation of benefits.

(2) If the premium is level and coverage decreases or increases with age or duration, that fact shall be commonly disclosed.

(3) An advertisement of or for a life insurance policy under which the death benefit varies with the length of time the policy has been in force shall accurately describe and clearly call attention to the amount of minimum death benefit under the policy.

(h) An advertisement for the types of policies described in subsections (f) and (g) of this section shall not use the words "inexpensive", "low cost", or other phrase or words of similar import when the policies being marketed are guaranteed issue.

(i) **Premiums.**

(1) An advertisement for a policy with nonlevel premiums shall prominently describe the premium changes.

(2) An advertisement in which the insurer describes a policy where it reserves the right to change the amount of the premium during the policy term, but which does not prominently describe this feature, is deemed to be deceptive and misleading and is prohibited.

(3)(A) An advertisement shall not contain a statement or representation that premiums paid for a life insurance policy can be withdrawn under the terms of the policy.

(B) Reference may be made to amounts paid into an advance premium fund, which are intended to pay premiums at a future time, to the effect that they may be withdrawn under the conditions of the prepayment agreement.

(C) Reference may also be made to withdrawal rights under any unconditional premium refund offer.

(4) An advertisement that represents that a pure endowment benefit has a "profit" or "return" on the premium paid, rather than a policy benefit for which a specified premium is paid is deemed to be deceptive and misleading and is prohibited.

(5) An advertisement shall not represent in any way that premium payments will not be required for each year of the policy in order to maintain the illustrated death benefits, unless that is the fact.

(6) An advertisement shall not use the term "vanish" or "vanishing premium", or a similar term that implies the policy becomes paid up, to describe a plan using nonguaranteed elements to pay a portion of future premiums.

(j)(1) Analogies between a life insurance policy or annuity contract's cash values and savings accounts or other investments and between premium payments and contributions to savings accounts or other investments shall be complete and accurate.

(2) An advertisement shall not emphasize the investment or tax features of a life insurance policy to such a degree that the advertisement would mislead the purchaser to believe the policy is anything other than life insurance.

(k) An advertisement shall not state or imply in any way that interest charged on a policy loan or the reduction of death benefits by the amount of outstanding policy loans is unfair, inequitable, or in any manner an incorrect or improper practice.

(l) If nonforfeiture values are shown in any advertisement, the values must be shown either for the entire amount of the basic life policy death benefit or for each one thousand dollars (\$1,000) of initial death benefit.

(m)(1) The words "free", "no cost", "without cost", "no additional cost", "at no extra cost", or words of similar import shall not be used with respect to any benefit or service being made available with a policy unless true.

(2) If there is no charge to the insured, then the identity of the payor shall be prominently disclosed.

(3) An advertisement may specify the charge for a benefit or a service or may state that a charge is included in the premium or use other appropriate language.

(n)(1) No insurance producer may use terms such as "financial planner", "investment adviser", "financial consultant", or "financial counseling" in such a way as

to imply that he or she is generally engaged in an advisory business in which compensation is unrelated to sales unless that actually is the case.

(2) This provision is not intended to preclude persons who hold some form of formal recognized financial planning or consultant designation from using this designation even when they are only selling insurance.

(3) This provision also is not intended to preclude persons who are members of a recognized trade or professional association having such terms as part of its name from citing membership, providing that a person citing membership, if authorized only to sell insurance products, shall disclose that fact.

(4) This provision does not permit persons to charge an additional fee for services that are customarily associated with the solicitation, negotiation, or servicing of policies.

(o) Nonguaranteed elements.

(1) An advertisement shall not utilize or describe nonguaranteed elements in a manner that is misleading or has the capacity or tendency to mislead.

(2)(A) An advertisement shall not state or imply that the payment or amount of nonguaranteed elements is guaranteed.

(B) If nonguaranteed elements are illustrated, they shall be based on the insurer's current scale and the illustration shall contain a statement to the effect that they are not to be construed as guarantees or estimates of amounts to be paid in the future.

(3) An advertisement that includes any illustrations or statements containing or based upon nonguaranteed elements shall set forth, with equal prominence, comparable illustrations or statements containing or based upon the guaranteed policy elements.

(4) An advertisement shall not use or describe determinable policy elements in a manner that is misleading or has the capacity or tendency to mislead.

(5)(A) An advertisement may describe determinable policy elements as guaranteed but not determinable at issue.

(B) This description should include an explanation of how these elements operate and their limitations, if any.

(6)(A) If an advertisement refers to any nonguaranteed policy element, it shall indicate that the insurer reserves the right to change any such element at any time and for any reason.

(B) However, if an insurer has agreed to limit this right in any way, such as, for example, if it has agreed to change these elements only at certain intervals or only if there is a change in the insurer's current or anticipated experience, the advertisement may indicate any such limitation on the insurer's right.

(7) An advertisement shall not refer to dividends as "tax-free" or use words of similar import, unless the tax treatment of dividends is fully explained and the nature of the dividend as a return of premium is indicated clearly.

(8) An advertisement may not state or imply that illustrated dividends under either or both a participating policy or pure endowment will be or can be sufficient at any future time to assure without the future payment of premiums, the receipt of benefits, such as a paid-up policy, unless the advertisement clearly and precisely explains the benefits or coverage provided at that time and the conditions required for that to occur.

(p) An advertisement shall not state that a purchaser of a policy will share in or receive a stated percentage or portion of the earnings on the general account assets of the company.

(q) Testimonials, appraisals, analyses, or endorsements by third parties.

(1)(A) Testimonials, appraisals, or analyses used in advertisements must:

- (i) Be genuine;
- (ii) Represent the current opinion of the author;
- (iii) Be applicable to the policy advertised, if any; and
- (iv) Be accurately reproduced with sufficient completeness to avoid

misleading or deceiving prospective insureds as to the nature or scope of the testimonial, appraisal, analysis, or endorsement.

(B) In using testimonials, appraisals, or analyses the insurer or insurance producer makes as its own all the statements contained therein, and these statements are subject to all the provisions of this part.

(2) If the individual making a testimonial, an appraisal, an analysis, or an endorsement has a financial interest in the insurer or related entity as a stockholder, director, officer, employee, or otherwise, or receives any benefit directly or indirectly other than required union scale wages, that fact shall be prominently disclosed in the advertisement.

(3)(A) An advertisement shall not state or imply that an insurer or a policy has been approved or endorsed by a group of individuals, society, association, or other organization unless:

(i) Such is the fact; and

(ii) Any proprietary relationship between an organization and the insurer is disclosed.

(B) If the entity making the endorsement or testimonial is owned, controlled, or managed by the insurer, or receives any payment or other consideration from the insurer for making an endorsement or testimonial, that fact shall be disclosed in the advertisement.

(4) When an endorsement refers to benefits received under a policy for a specific claim, the claim date, including claim number, date of loss, and other pertinent information shall be retained by the insurer for inspection for a period of five (5) years after the discontinuance of its use or publication.

(r)(1) An advertisement shall not contain statistical information relating to any insurer or policy unless it accurately reflects recent and relevant facts.

(2) The source of any statistics used in advertisement shall be identified.

(s) Policies sold to students.

(1)(A) The envelope in which insurance solicitation material is contained may be addressed to the parents of students.

(B) The address may not include any combination of words which imply that the correspondence is from a school, college, university, or other educational or

training institution nor may it imply that the institution has endorsed the material or supplied the insurer with information about the student unless such is a correct and truthful statement.

(2) All advertisements including, but not limited to, informational flyers used in the solicitation of insurance shall be identified clearly as coming from an insurer or insurance producer, if such is the case, and these entities shall be clearly identified as such.

(3) The return address on the envelope may not imply that the soliciting insurer or insurance producer is affiliated with a university, college, school, or other educational or training institution, unless true.

(t) Introductory, initial, or special offers and enrollment periods.

(1)(A) An advertisement of an individual policy or combination of policies shall not state or imply that the policy or combination of policies is an introductory, initial, or special offer, or that applicants will receive substantial advantages not available at a later date, or that the offer is available only to a specified group of individuals, unless that is the fact.

(B) An advertisement shall not describe an enrollment period as "special" or "limited" or use similar words or phrases in describing it when the insurer uses successive enrollment periods as its usual method of marketing its policies.

(2) An advertisement shall not state or imply that only a specific number of policies will be sold or that a time is fixed for the discontinuance of the sale of the particular policy advertised because of special advantages available in the policy.

(3)(A) An advertisement shall not offer a policy that utilizes a reduced initial premium rate in a manner that overemphasizes the availability and the amount of the reduced initial premium.

(B) A reduced initial or first-year premium may not be described as constituting free insurance for a period of time.

(C) When an insurer charges an initial premium that differs in amount from the amount of the renewal premium payable on the same mode, all references to the reduced initial premium shall be followed by an asterisk or other appropriate symbol

that refers the reader to that specific portion of the advertisement that contains the full rate schedule for the policy being advertised.

(4)(A) An enrollment period during which a particular insurance policy may be purchased on an individual basis shall not be offered within this state unless there has been a lapse of not less than two (2) months between the close of the immediately preceding enrollment period for the same policy and the opening of the new enrollment period.

(B) The advertisement shall specify the date by which the applicant must mail the application, which shall be not less than ten (10) days and not more than forty (40) days from the date on which the enrollment period is advertised for the first time.

(C)(i) This subdivision (t)(4) applies to all advertising media, i.e., mail, newspapers, radio, television, magazines, and periodicals, by any one (1) insurer or insurance producer.

(ii) The phrase "any one (1) insurer" includes all the affiliated companies of a group of insurance companies under common management or control.

(D) This subdivision (t)(4) does not apply to the use of a termination or cutoff date beyond which an individual application for a guaranteed issue policy will not be accepted by an insurer in those instances where the application has been sent to the applicant in response to his or her request.

(E) It is also inapplicable to solicitations of employees or members of a particular group or association that otherwise would be eligible under specified provisions of the insurance code for group, blanket, or franchise insurance.

(F) In cases where an insurance product is marketed on a direct mail basis to prospective insureds by reason of some common relationship with a sponsoring organization, this subdivision (t)(4) shall be applied separately to each sponsoring organization.

(u) An advertisement of a particular policy shall not state or imply that prospective insureds shall be or become members of a special class, group, or quasi-group and as such enjoy special rates, dividends, or underwriting privileges, unless that is the fact.

(v)(1) An advertisement shall not make unfair or incomplete comparisons of policies, benefits, dividends, or rates of other insurers.

(2) An advertisement shall not disparage other:

- (A) Insurers;
- (B) Insurance producers;
- (C) Policies;
- (D) Services; or
- (E) Methods of marketing.

(w) For individual deferred annuity products or deposit funds, the following shall apply:

(1)(A) Any illustrations or statements containing or based upon nonguaranteed interest rates shall likewise set forth with equal prominence comparable illustrations or statements containing or based upon the guaranteed accumulation interest rates.

(B) The nonguaranteed interest rates shall not be greater than those currently being credited by the company unless the nonguaranteed rates have been publicly declared by the company with an effective date for new issues not more than three (3) months subsequent to the date of declaration;

(2) If an advertisement states the net premium accumulation interest rate, whether guaranteed or not, it shall also disclose in close proximity thereto and with equal prominence the actual relationship between the gross and the net premiums;

(3) If the contract does not provide a cash surrender benefit prior to commencement of payment of annuity benefits, an illustration or statement concerning the contract shall prominently state that cash surrender benefits are not provided; and

(4) Any illustrations, depictions, or statements containing or based on determinable policy elements shall likewise set forth with equal prominence comparable illustrations, depictions, or statements containing or based on guaranteed policy elements.

(x) An advertisement of a life insurance policy or annuity that illustrates nonguaranteed values shall only do so in accordance with current applicable state law relative to illustrating such values for life insurance policies and annuity contracts.

Authority. Arkansas Code §§ 23-61-108, 23-66-207, 23-66-307.

23 CAR § 130-106. Identity of insurer.

(a)(1) The name of the insurer shall be clearly identified in all advertisements about the insurer or its products, and if any specific individual policy is advertised it shall be identified either by form number or other appropriate description.

(2) If an application is a part of the advertisement, the name of the insurer shall be shown on the application.

(3) However, if an advertisement contains a listing of rates or features that is a composite of several different policies or contracts of different insurers, the advertisement shall so state, shall indicate, if applicable, that not all policies or contracts on which the composite is based may be available in all states, and shall provide a rating of the lowest rated insurer and reference the rating agency, but need not identify each insurer.

(4) If an advertisement identifies the issuing insurers, insurance issuer ratings need not be stated.

(b) An advertisement shall not use a trade name, an insurance group designation, name of the parent company of the insurer, name of a particular division of the insurer, a reinsurer of the insurer, service mark, slogan, symbol, or other device or reference without disclosing the name of the insurer, if the advertisement would have the capacity or tendency to mislead or deceive as to the true identity of the insurer or create the impression that a company other than the insurer would have any responsibility for the financial obligation under a policy.

(c) An advertisement shall not use any combination of words, symbols, or physical materials that by their content, phraseology, shape, color, or other characteristics are so similar to a combination of words, symbols, or physical materials used by a governmental program or agency or otherwise appear to be of such a nature that they tend to mislead prospective insureds into believing that the solicitation is in some manner connected with a governmental program or agency.

Authority. Arkansas Code §§ 23-61-108, 23-66-207, 23-66-307.

23 CAR § 130-107. Jurisdictional licensing and status of insurer.

(a) An advertisement that is intended to be seen or heard beyond the limits of the jurisdiction in which the insurer is licensed shall not imply licensing beyond those limits.

(b) An advertisement may state that an insurer or insurance producer is licensed in a particular state or states, provided it does not exaggerate that fact or suggest or imply that competing insurers or insurance producers may not be so licensed.

(c)(1) An advertisement shall not create the impression that the insurer, its financial condition or status, the payment of its claims, or the merits, desirability, or advisability of its policy forms or kinds of plans of insurance are recommended or endorsed by any governmental entity.

(2) However, where a governmental entity has recommended or endorsed a policy form or plan, that fact may be stated if the entity authorizes its recommendation or endorsement to be used in an advertisement.

Authority. Arkansas Code §§ 23-61-108, 23-66-207, 23-66-307.

23 CAR § 130-108. Statements about the insurer.

(a) An advertisement shall not contain statements, pictures, or illustrations that are false or misleading, in fact or by implication, with respect to the assets, liabilities, insurance in force, corporate structure, financial condition, age, or relative position of the insurer in the insurance business.

(b) An advertisement shall not contain a recommendation by any commercial rating system unless it clearly defines the scope and extent of the recommendation including, but not limited to, the placement of insurer's rating in the hierarchy of the rating system cited.

Authority. Arkansas Code §§ 23-61-108, 23-66-207, 23-66-307.

23 CAR § 130-109. Enforcement procedures.

(a)(1) Each insurer shall maintain at its home or principal office a complete file containing a specimen copy of every printed, published, or prepared advertisement of its individual policies and specimen copies of typical printed, published, or prepared advertisements of its blanket, franchise, and group policies, hereafter disseminated in this state, with a notation indicating the manner and extent of distribution and the form number of any policy advertised.

(2) The file shall be subject to inspection by the State Insurance Department.

(3) All advertisements shall be maintained in the file for a period of five (5) years after discontinuance of its use or publication.

(b) If the Insurance Commissioner determines that an advertisement has the capacity or tendency to mislead or deceive the public, the commissioner may require an insurer or insurance producer to submit all or any part of the advertising material for review or approval prior to use.

(c) Each insurer subject to the provisions of this part shall file with the commissioner with its annual statement a certificate of compliance executed by an authorized officer of the insurer stating that to the best of his or her knowledge, information, and belief the advertisements that were disseminated by or on behalf of the insurer in this state during the preceding statement year, or during the portion of the year when this part was in effect, complied or was made to comply in all respects with the provisions of this part and the insurance laws of this state as implemented and interpreted by this part.

Authority. Arkansas Code §§ 23-61-108, 23-66-207, 23-66-307.

23 CAR § 130-110. Penalties.

An insurer or its officers, directors, producers, or employees that violate any of the provisions of this part or knowingly participate in or abet such violation shall be subject to:

- (1) A fine up to one thousand dollars (\$1,000) for each violation; and
- (2) Suspension or revocation of its certificate of authority or license.

Authority. Arkansas Code §§ 23-60-108, 23-61-108, 23-66-207, 23-66-307.

23 CAR § 130-111. Conflict with other laws or rules.

(a) It is not intended that this part conflict with or supersede any rules currently in force or subsequently adopted in this state governing specific aspects of the sale or replacement of life insurance including, but not limited to, laws or rules dealing with:

- (1) Life insurance cost comparison indices;
- (2) Deceptive practices in the sale of life insurance;
- (3) Replacement of life insurance policies;
- (4) Illustration of life insurance policies; and
- (5) Annuity disclosure.

(b) Consequently, no disclosure pursuant to or required under those rules shall be deemed to be an advertisement within the meaning of this part.

Authority. Arkansas Code §§ 23-61-108, 23-66-207, 23-66-307.